Republic Act 7610 was passed by the Congress on June 17, 1992, an act providing stronger deterrence and special protection against child abuse, exploitation and discrimination, and for other purposes.

This Act was patterned in some foreign countries like the United States wherein the child can enjoy his right. Children defined as ages below eighteen (18) years old. Nowadays, some children are being utilized by syndicates because they are protected of by constitutional law. When a child committed a crime he/she has to be transferred to the Development Welfare and Development (DSWD) for his protection with the coordination with the Public Attorney’s Office (PAO). Children who are transferred to said agency are being provided better education and medical assistance inside the center.

There are also disadvantages in this act. Upon knowing their rights children become abusive, hard headed and disrespectful to teachers and elderly. In school, some of the children are shouting causing disturbances to some staff doing office work. Some are coming late in the class and some are reporting only two or three times a week.

In school and at home, corporal punishment is prohibited. There are also advantages in this act. Children have to be taught in a nice way without hurting them physically. Children have the right to be loved, to be protected and to obtain education in order them to be a good citizen of the country, Train up a child in the way he should go and when he grow old he should not depart from it.