TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION (TLE) AND ITS BEST FEATURES

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Technology and Livelihood Education otherwise known as TLE is considered as the real-life related subject for it entails lessons that are relevant to practical ways of life as in the house, in business and at work. It covers an array of topics and ideas on livelihood and technology that can be used in the future.

The legal basis of teaching TLE is based on Republic Act 10647, entitled An Act Strengthening the Ladderized Interface between Technical-Vocational Education and Training (TVET) in education that leads to higher education, middle-level manpower, entrepreneurship and employment. TLE by its nature is dominantly a skill subject hence the teacher must engage the student in an experiential, contextualized and authentic teaching-learning process.

TLE is divided into four major strands these include Agri-Fishery Arts, Home Economics, Industrial Arts, and Information Communication Technology (ICT). Agri-Fishery was designed for hands-on learning associated with agriculture and aquaculture. Home Economics caters livelihood projects in the community and at home. Industrial Arts provide skills and knowledge on the repair, assembly, masonry, and creation of valuable products made of metals and woods. Information and Communication Technology which encourage to utilize the technology by enhancing and supporting the delivery of information.

Learning by doing is how students learn best. Demonstration, project-based method and hands-on learning provide effective and efficient result thus, improve the learner’s skills and capabilities. The retention of skills and knowledge is higher once the students experience how to
accomplish the task. A combination of different strategies can provide high chances of attaining the expected competencies. Working in a more concrete situation definitely leads to mastery.

The teacher facilitates the learning in which he/she nurtures, enhances and boosts the hidden capability of the learners. He/she has the specialization and advance experience in the field being taught. The Department of Education (DepEd) continuously revitalizes the skill and competencies of the teachers through trainings and seminars. Another way is by acquiring National Certificate (NC) from Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA) that improves the quality of teaching. A teacher may take a training methodology that will certify him as a trainer to assess learners and ensure the delivery of quality training in the specialization field.

The Department of Education (DepEd) in cooperation with the school administrators, teachers, local government unit and stakeholders continuously improve the facilities in TLE, which plays a vital role to attain the expected skills in each specialization. Teachers are resourceful enough by applying localization if there are some limitations on the facility and equipment.

TLE has the best features that students could avail for their best benefits. TLE and its features are bringing huge contributions to the livelihood of each individual in our society.

References:
